

Table S3. Prevalence of PIM category III (n=22,099)

PIM category III ^{a)}	n (%)	Number of times PIM prescribed
Tramadol	4,141 (18.74)	1 (1-2)
Low dose aspirin		
Age < 70 y	1,753 (7.93)	6 (4-7)
Age ≥ 70 y	1,503 (6.80)	6 (3-7)
Dextromethorphan	1,781 (8.06)	1 (1-2)
Amitriptyline	1,674 (7.58)	1 (1-3)
Furosemide	1,655 (7.49)	6 (2-9)
Spirolactone	504 (2.28)	6 (3-8)
Sertraline	398 (1.80)	8 (3-11)
Fluoxetine	249 (1.13)	9 (4-11)
Risperidone	221 (1.00)	5 (2-10)
Hydrochlorothiazide	193 (0.87)	5 (2-7)
Haloperidol	188 (0.85)	7 (2-11)
Amiloride	108 (0.49)	6 (3-7)
Nortriptyline	83 (0.38)	3 (1-5)
Perphenazine	80 (0.36)	7.5 (3.5-10.5)
Clozapine	63 (0.29)	8 (3-11)
Carbamazepine	54 (0.24)	3 (1-7)
Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole	52 (0.24)	2 (1-3.5)
Chlorpromazine	38 (0.17)	8.5 (2-11)
Mannitol	38 (0.17)	1 (1-1)
Fluphenazine	21 (0.10)	7 (4-11)
Dabigatran		
Age < 75 y	10 (0.05)	2.5 (1-4)
Age ≥ 75 y	2 (0.01)	5 (2-8)
Imipramine	5 (0.025)	9 (8-9)
Trifluoperazine	4 (0.02)	10.5 (9-11.5)
Thioridazine	3 (0.015)	12 (11-13)
Desvenlafaxine	1 (0.005)	11 (11-11)
Overall prevalence 44.23% (n = 9,775)		

Values are presented as number (%) or median (interquartile range).

PIM, potentially inappropriate medication.

^{a)}Listed in descending order of frequency.